

3. 바울과 성령 (Paul and the Holy Spirit)

1. 바울과 성령 (Paul and the Holy Spirit in Pauline Epistles)

1) 강의 개요 / Lecture Overview

바울은 성령을 예수 그리스도의 부활을 통해 주어진 하나님의 생명과 능력으로 묘사합니다.

성령은 성도의 삶을 인도하고, 변화시키며, 공동체를 세우는 중심 역할을 합니다.

Paul describes the Holy Spirit as the life and power of God given through the resurrection of Jesus Christ.

The Spirit leads, transforms believers, and builds the community of faith.

2) 바울 신학에서 성령의 중심성

The Centrality of the Holy Spirit in Pauline Theology

(1) 성령은 바울의 신학 전체에서 핵심적인 요소임

The Holy Spirit is a core element in all of Paul's theology.

(2) 성령은 예수 그리스도와의 연합을 매개함

The Spirit mediates union with Christ.

(3) 구원, 성화, 공동체, 선교 모두 성령을 통해 이루어짐

Salvation, sanctification, community, and mission are all enabled through the Spirit.

2. 성령의 내주와 인침

The Indwelling and Sealing of the Spirit

1) 고린도전서 3:16- “너희는 하나님의 성전인 줄 알지 못하느냐?”

1 Corinthians 3:16 – “Do you not know that you are God's temple...?”

2) 성령은 신자의 마음에 내주하심

The Spirit dwells in the hearts of believers.

에베소서 1:13-14 – 구원의 보증으로 인치심

Ephesians 1:13-14 – The Spirit is the seal and guarantee of salvation.

3. 성령과 율법의 대조

The Spirit vs. the Law

갈라디아서 3-5장 – 율법이 아니라 성령으로 시작하고 완성됨

Galatians 3-5 – The Christian life begins and ends with the Spirit, not the Law.

성령은 율법을 대체하지 않지만, 그 목적을 이루심

The Spirit does not abolish the Law but fulfills its true intent.

4. 성령과 성화 (거룩함으로의 변화)

The Spirit and Sanctification

로마서 8장 – “육신을 따르지 않고 성령을 따라 행하는 자들”

Romans 8 – “Those who walk according to the Spirit, not the flesh”

성령은 신자의 삶을 거룩하게 변화시키는 능력임

The Spirit is the transformative power for holiness in the believer's life.

5. 성령과 공동체

The Spirit and the Christian Community

고린도전서 12장 – 은사, 다양성, 일치

1 Corinthians 12 – Gifts, diversity, unity in the Spirit

성령은 교회를 세우고, 각 지체를 유기적으로 연결함

The Spirit builds the church and unifies its members organically.

6. 성령과 선교

The Spirit and Mission

바울 자신의 선교 사역은 성령의 인도에 의함

Paul's missionary work was directed by the Holy Spirit.

(행 16:6-7 참조 / See Acts 16:6-7)

복음 선포, 능력 행함, 고난 중에도 담대함을 성령이 주심

The Spirit gives boldness in preaching, power in ministry, and endurance in suffering.

7. 참고 성구 / Key Texts

주제	성경 구절 (Verse)
성령의 내주	고전 3:16, 롬 8:9
성령의 인도	롬 8:14, 갈 5:18
성령의 열매	갈 5:22-23
성령의 은사	고전 12장, 롬 12장
성령의 선교	행 13:2, 행 16:6-10

8. 결론 / Conclusion

1) 바울의 성령론은 단지 교리적 요소가 아닌, 삶과 공동체, 그리고 복음 선포의 실제적 능력입니다.

성령을 따라 사는 삶은 그리스도의 형상을 닮아가는 여정이며, 하나님의 나라를 확장하는 통로입니다.

Paul's theology of the Spirit is not merely doctrinal—it is practical, transformational, and missional.

Life in the Spirit is the journey of becoming Christlike and the means of expanding God's kingdom.

1. Paul and the Holy Spirit in Pauline Epistles

1. Lecture Overview

Paul describes the Holy Spirit as the life and power of God given through the resurrection of Jesus Christ.

The Spirit plays a central role in guiding, transforming, and building the life of the believer and the church.

1) The Centrality of the Holy Spirit in Pauline Theology

- (1) The Holy Spirit is a core element in all of Paul's theology.
- (2) The Spirit mediates union with Christ.

- (3) Salvation, sanctification, community life, and mission are all enabled by the Spirit.
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2) The Indwelling and Sealing of the Spirit

- (1) 1Corinthians3:16–“Do you not know that you are God’s temple…?”
 - (2) The Spirit dwells in the hearts of believers.
 - (3) Ephesians 1:13–14– The Spirit is the seal and guarantee of salvation.
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3) The Spirit vs. the Law

- (1) Galatians 3–5– The Christian life begins and ends with the Spirit, not the Law.
 - (2) The Spirit does not abolish the Law but fulfills its purpose.
 - (3) The Spirit leads to freedom and maturity in Christ, whereas the Law reveals sin.
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4) The Spirit and Sanctification

- (1) Romans 8– “Those who walk according to the Spirit, not according to the flesh.”
 - (2) The Spirit transforms the life of believers into holiness.
 - (3) Sanctification is not achieved by human effort but by the power of the Spirit.
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5) The Spirit and the Christian Community

- (1) 1 Corinthians 12– Spiritual gifts, unity in diversity, building up the church.
 - (2) The Spirit gives various gifts but unites all members into one body.
 - (3) True Christian fellowship is maintained by the Spirit.
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6) The Spirit and Mission

- (1) Paul’s missionary journeys were directed by the Spirit.
(See Acts 16:6–7)
 - (2) The Spirit empowers gospel preaching, performs miracles, and grants boldness in suffering.
 - (3) Mission without the Spirit becomes mere activity, not transformation.
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7) Key Texts

Theme	Scripture References
Indwelling of the Spirit	1 Corinthians 3:16, Romans 8:9
Leading of the Spirit	Romans 8:14, Galatians 5:18
Fruit of the Spirit	Galatians 5:22–23
Gifts of the Spirit	1 Corinthians 12, Romans 12
Spirit-led Mission	Acts 13:2, Acts 16:6–10

8) Conclusion

Paul's theology of the Holy Spirit is not only doctrinal but also deeply practical and transformative.

Life in the Spirit is a journey of becoming like Christ and a channel through which God expands His Kingdom.

The Holy Spirit brings unity, sanctification, power, and direction to every believer and to the church.